SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 29, 1852.

AMUSEMBETS.

BURTON'S THEATRE, CHAMBERS STREET.—DOORS open at 7; to commonee at 7½ o'clock.—Two new appearances on Monday evening. First night in America of Mr. L. Thompson, from the Royal Olympic London. Mr. Dyots as Lord Avondale.

MR BURTON
as General Tarragon, (first time) Monday, August 30, will be performed SCHOOL OF SPECOMY.

BCHOOL OF REFORM.
Lord Avendale... Mr. Dyott | Mr. Ferment... Mr. C. Fisher
Gen. Tarragon....Mr. Burton | Beb Tyke... Mr. L. Thompson
ETON BOY
Capt. Popham...Mr. Norton | Fanny....... Miss Westen

best evidence of the excellence of the performers. Here may be found the excellence of the performers. Here may be found the excellence of the performers. Here may be found the excellence of the performers. Here may be found the excellence of the performers. Here may be found the performers. Here we would be supported by the performers and embedying such names as Mr. G. W. Charles, and the performers. Here we would be supported by the management of the performers. Here we would be supported by the performers. Here performers, here we would be supported by the performers of the perf

the substance of SEVEN DIFFERENT MUSEUMS,
purchased at various opportunities, besides a collection gathered from all quarters of the globe by industrious agents, and the result of several expeditions after novelties, sent out, at private cost, to
for the benefit of the Museum.

This immense establishment is all the properties of the Museum.

for the benefit of the Museum. This immense establishment is open every day in the year, {except Sundaya,} from 7 A. M. to 10½ P. M.
The performances in the Lesture Room take place at 2 c'clock in the afternoon, and at 7½ o'clock in the evening. Visiters to the Museum in the morning are free to the performance in the aftern on.
Admittance to the whole Museum. Halls of Statuary, the Picture Gailery, the Natural History Department, the Chinese Saloon, the Living Animals, and the Comorama Room, as well as the Entertainments in the Lecture Room, 25 cts. THE EXCELSION DRAMATIC CLUB WILL MEET AT Central Hall, Grand street on Monday evening next, at half-past seven o'clock. By order of the President.

N. B.—Indies and gentlemen of respectability and talent wishing to join the above, will please address their applications to H. C. Fielding, Herald office.

PRIVATE THEATRICALS—THE EXCELSIOR DRA matic Club will meet at Control Hall, Grand street on Monday evening, 30th inst., at malf-past 7 o'clock. By order of the President.

N. B.—Ludies and gentlemen of respectability and talent, wishing to join the above, will please address a note to IL. C. Fielding, Herald office.

PRANKLIN MUSEUM, 176 CHATHAM SQUARE— George Lea, Proprietor.—The above establishment is open every afternoon at 30 clock, and in the eyening at 8 for the purpose of 'Classic and Original Representations of Living Statuary, by M'lle, Carinet's Troupe of Model Ar-tists, 'together with a variety of beautiful performances. For full particulars, see bills of each day, Admission—Seats in private bexes, 60 cents; stage seats with cushioned arm chairs, 37% cents; boxes, 25 cents gallery, 12% cents.

MONTAGUE HALL, BROOKLYN.-THE BROOKLYN

PALACE OF BEAUTY, No. 53 BOWERY, DIRECTLY opposits the Bowery Theatre, open every night, with a company of minatrels composed of ladies, eyled the "Bloomer Troupé," under the direction of Mile. Louise Jerome; also, Groupe of Marble Santany represented by young ladies. The pictures taken from some of our best paintings. Boors open at 7; commence at 8. Administration, Dec., 50c.; orchestra, 37% o.; parquette, 25c.; gallery, 12% o.

SALES BY AUCTION.

A UCTION NOTICE—AMERICAN WINDOW GLASS.
A Gerard & Betts will sell on Tuesday, August 31st, at 11 c'clock, at the Wall Street Sales Room, (no postponment on account of the weather). American Window Glass, 10,000 boxes Erockfield, and other well known brands. American Window Glass, of recent manufacture, embracing a full assort ment of sizes. Catalogues now ready.

CROCERIES, FIXTURES, WAGON, ETC.—TUESDAY, August 31, will be sold, at 10½ o'clock, at 57 Dey, strest, corner of Greenwich Staple Groceries, Brandy, Gia, &c, and 6 dozen Lendon Brown Stout. Alco, a 104 of Store Fixtures: and, at 12 o'clock a Boston built Express Wagon, nearly new. WELLINGTON A. CARTER, Auctioneer, No. 57 Dey street, corner of Greenwich strest.

THEODORE LENT, AUCTIONEER.—RICH AND fashionshie Furnicure, on Tuesday, August 31, at 10½ e'clock, at the Metropolitan Salesroom, No. 495 Broadway, a Jojring the Art Union.—a spleadid collection of new and dashionshie resewood, mahogany and black walnut Furniture, of every description, consisting in part of elegant Parture and Furniture, of every description, consisting in part of elegant Parture, Sofas, Tete-a tetes, voltaire, arm and parlor Chaire, see, Bursaas, Bedsteads, Mattre-wes, cane and fancy Chairs, &c., &c. Also, an invoice of rich fancy China Goods, ivory handle Cutlery, &c., &c. Also, a collection of second hand Furniture, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues ready on the morning of the sale.

WILLIAM W. SHIRLEY, AUCTIONEER—25 CRATES Crockery, 20 Crates Best Rockingham Jugs and Epittoons, 100 Boxes Glass Tumblers, Goblets, Dishes, Lamps, &c., on Monday, August 30th, at 10 c clock, with-out reserve, in Lots from the Shelves, and is Packages.

TO TAILORS.—THE FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS for 1862-3, are now published, and for cale by T. OLIVER & SON, 195 Broadway, up stairs.

YOUNG FOLKS AT HOME—AS PERFORMED NIGHT ly by Wood's Minstrels, 444 Broadway. Just published by GOULD & BERRY, 297 Broadway.

ENGLISH NEWSPAPERS.—PARTIES DESIROUS OF being supplied with English or Irish Newspapers, can have their orders attended to on application to F. BRADY, (processor to C. R. Batsson). Importer of foreign news-papers, No. 76 Nassan street, New York.

FALL CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.—SPLENDID Novoltice from Paris. The subscriber having just returned from a visit to the varius Ruropean markets, is no
prespared to submit to the inspection of merchants and
wholeasic huyers, from every section of the Union, a magnificent stock of the above-named popular garments, which
he offers on the most libral terms.

Cloak and Mantilla Emperium, 361 Broadway.

N IBLO'S -- MONDAY -- MISS FITZPATRICK'S AND Mr. Wheatleigh's first night in America.
Tueday -- Two companies -- French Baliet Dancers and French Comic Opera Company in ZaMPA, with M'lle Floury July, Prices as usual.
Wedroeday -- The popular notress Miss Fitzpatrick and the celebrated danseuse M'lie De Melisse, (her first appearance in America.) in America.)
Thursday—Pirst night of the ballet of the BARBER OF SEVILLE.

Saturday—Senorita Sete and M'ile Pougaud.

NEW YORK THEATRE ASTOR PLACE.—
Monday evening, August 39, will be performed
THE ENCHANTRESS.

Stella. Mr. Hudson | Ramic Mmo. Anna Thillon
Don Selvio Mr. Hudson | Ramic Mmo. Anna Thillon
Don Selvio Mr. Hudson | Ramic Mms. Myer
Tell THEART NEVER WON FAIR LADY.
Ruy Gomez. Mr. Marchant | Charles II. Miss Raymond
To-morrow, Tuesday, Shell's great play
in which Miss Elina Lozan and Mr. J. R. Scott will appear.
First night of the celebrated Fronch Balles Treupe, in a
NI-W GRAND BALLET DIVER (ISSEMED T.
in which the following artistes will appear.—Moss. Gerby,
Mille. Bulon, Louise Saossin, Messrs. Weithou, Gernet, Ec.

CHRISTY'S OPERA HOUSE, MECHANICS' HALL, NO. 472 Broadway above Grand street—Open every might during the week until further notice. Under the management of E. P. Christy. Tickets 25 cents. Doers open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock. The patrons of Christy's Minatrels are respectfully informed that the Saturday afternoon concerts age discontinued.

w Howard street.—Open every evening, under the management of H. Wood. Admission 30 cents; children under tweive years, half price. Doors open at 7; concert commences at 8 clock. N. B.—The Wednesday and Saturday afternoon centerts are dissontinued until furthe notice.

CASTLE GARDEN.—FRENCH & HEISER, PROPRIE tors—The Sixteenth Grand Sunday Concert this season, by Dodworth's celebrated Cornet Band, will take place on Sunday evening, August 29. Admission 29 cents. To commonce at 8 o'clock precisely. No postponement on account of the weather.

Castle Garden.—Monday Evening, august 30
Benefit of the Montreal Sufferers, on which occasion the
Ravel Family, having generously tendered their services
will appear in five grand catertainments, including the
THREE GLADIATORS.
JBANN ETTE AND JEAN NOT.
VOL-AU-VENT.

A MERICAN MUSICAL FUND SOCIETY
Public meeting at
METROPOLITAN HALL,
On Monday, August 30, at 30 clock, P. M.
The members of the above Society will please attend for
business of importance.
The musical profession, for purposes which will be than
to join the above meeting, for purposes which will be than
BENEY C. WATSON, Committee of
JOHN A. KYLE,
THEODOR RISFELD, Directors.

JOHN C. SCHERPY, Searytayy.

A MERICAN MUSICAL FUND SOCIETY.-GRAND

A MERICAN MUSICAL FUND SOCIETY.—GRAND
A Military Musical Festival, at Castle Garden, Saturday,
Sept. 4.
AFFERNOON AND EVENING,
on which occasion the following extraordinary combination
of musical talent will appear.—
Dodworth's Cornet Band.
Sheiton's American Brass Band.
Adkins' Washington Brass Band.
Wallace's Empire Brass Band.
Wannemeer's New York Brass Band.
Schiebel's National Brass Band.
Poore's Gity Brass Band.
Tisher's Brass Band, and
Wil's 7th Regiment Band.

The Breeklyn Cornet Band.

The Troy Brass Band.

Beck Philadelphia Brass Band, and
Beck Philadelphia Brass Band, and
Back Beaton Brigade Brass Band.

Each Eand will play two solo pieces. and the whole body
numbering nearly TWO HUNDRED PERFORMERS, will
be an averal solendid ensemble pieces.

Each Eand will play two solo pieces, and the whole body, numbering nearly TWO HUNDRED PERFORMERS, will perform several sylendid ensemble pieces, among which will be found—Overture to Fix Disvolo, March from Athalie, March from the Prophete Musical Fund March, by Sig. Arditi. and Die Kossenden Waltz. by Lanner.

HERR MENGIS, M. BOULANGER, Pinnist, and PAULJULIAN, Violinist, have volunteered their services, together with many other eminent artists, whose names will be duly announced.

Tichets for Afternoon and Evening, 50 cents; no checks given. Afternoon—Boots open at 2 o'clock. Concert at 3½ o'clock. Evening Concert at 7½ o'clock.

To prevent crowding at the doors, the public are requested to buy their tickets at the Sectary's office, 479 Broadway, at the Music Stores, Hotels, &c.

HOLLIDAY STREET THEATRE, BALTIMORE. HOLLIDAY STREET THEATRE, BALTIMORE.—
Notice to Stars.—This favorite theatre has, during the tummer, been entirely absenced, re-fitted and decorated, at an expense of over \$0.00 and made one of the hand-somest theatres in the Union. Artistes (both matic and foreign, desirous of visiting Baltimore professionally) with and it occidedly to their advantage on said the second of the hand-size of the city of the second of the

HOWARD ATHEN.EUM. BOSTON.—THE LADIES and gentlemen engaged at the above named establishment are requested to meet in the Green Room, on Tuesday, September 14, at 11 o'clock.

ROBERT JONES, Stage Manager.

WASHINGTON THEATRE.—LADIES AND GENTLE-men, of acknowledged talent in the theatrical profes sien, desirous of making engagements at this establishments for the ensuing season, to commence on or about the mid-dle of November next, will be pleased to address their ap-plications to Mr. P. RICHING'S, at the Walnut street Theatre, Philadelphia.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD FOR PHIDA-delphia.—Leaves by steambont JOHN POTTER, Plot So. I. Northeriver, at 7 A. M. and 2 P. M., shrough its lours. Fare, first class, 33, second class, (by 2 P. M. live enjry, 3 M. Returning, leave Philadelphia, look of Walnut treet, at 8 A. M. and 2 P. M.

NOR PHILADELPHIA DIRECT.—U. S. MAIL AND P. Express lines, through in four hours. New Jerney & Strond, vin Jersey City; leaving New York at 6 A. M., tools of Cortland street; 9 and 5½ P. M., Liberty street. Fare, & Jos fare belows and \$2.00 for second class, in 6 and 9 A. M. attemn at 1 and 9 A. M., and 6½ P. M. Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, and Charleston through tickets sold in the sovre lines, and through baggage carried in the 2 A. M., and 5½ P. M. Hines.

A LBANY, TROY, AND LEBANON SPRINGS.—THA A care of the New York and Harlem Railroad leave the lity Hail Station, New York, daily, (Sundays excepted.) At 10°clock A. M.—Mail train to Chasham Four Corners, someoning with the Western Railroad tor Albany and free, Lebanon Springs, Pittsfeld, Springfield, and other intermediate stations. At 5 0°clock P. M.—Accommodation rinin to Chasham Four Corners, connecting with Western Railroad going east. Passengers for Lebanon Springs will take the 10°clock A. M. train to Chatham, Western Railroad to Canana, and stage to Lebanon, arriving early the same afterneon. Fare through, \$2. M. SLOAF, Sup't.

THE NEW AND ELEGANT STEAMER, FRANCIS SKIDDY will leave foot of Jay street, for Albany every wonday, Wednesday, and Friday. Returning, will leave shahany, rosedays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. This Boat is provided with Francis' Fatent Messile Life Boats. The sawners feel confident that passengers by her will pronounce her the safest and most comfortable Boat on the River. For further informative, apply to

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

A PTENISHED ROOM WANTED, WITHOUT BOARD, Gr. gentleman and lady, in a very small family, where there are noother boarders; a widow lady preferred. Location cast side of town. and reat paid in advance. Address C. B. A., Broadway Post Office.

WANTED, IN BROOKLYN -FOR A GENTEMAN, and bis wife, and servant, Furnished Apartments, consisting of a sitting room and two comfortable bedrooms, and use of kitchen, with or without attendance, in the house of a respectable private family. If found suitable, they will be taken permanently. Address M. C., Lodgings, Brocklyn Post office.

THE ADVERTISER WISHES TO RENT A HOUSE suitable for a small family, between Casal and Bleecker streets, and within two or three minutes waik of South ferry stage route. Croton water bath required. Rent paid in advance, if desired. Address F. F. W., Broadway Post effice.

WANTED TO RENT-PART OF A HOUSE, FOR any part of the city, west of the Bowery and Fourth aven. Address X. X., Herald effect stating torms as

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

INTERESTING CONGRESSIONAL PROCREDINGS. LARGE NUMBER OF BILLS PASSED.

AMONG THEM The River and Harbor and Army Appropriation Bills.

Official Information Relative to the

Lobos Islands. Flare-up in the Senate between

Messrs. Weller and Smith.

Great Commotion in the House concerning the Civil and Diplomatic Bill.

INTERESTING POLITICAL INTELLIGENCE.

Refusal of Prominent Whigs to attend the Massachusetts Scott Convention.

MARINE AFFAIRS-MURDER-THE CROPS. die. die. die.

THURTY-SECOND CONGRESS

Senate.

WASHINGTON, August 28, 1852. THE CIVIL AND DIPLOMATIC APPROPRIATION BILL. The reading of the journal was dispensed with and the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation bill was taken up. All the amendments made in Committee of the Whole

Senators, to abstain from offering amendments to the bill and to let it go to the House.

Mr. Jones. (dem.) of Iowa, offered an amendment, appropriating \$11,000 to defray the expenses of running the boundary between Iowa and Missouri, which was Messrs. Rusk and Bell. offered amendments, which

were debated and rejected. Mr. BRODHEAD offered an amendment to pay the work men on the Capitol for the time lost during the suspension of the work.

The Chair ruled it out of order.

Mr. Brodhead appealed; but the Chair's decision was other amendments were offered and rejected.

Other amendments were offered and rejected.

Mr. CLARK moved to strike out \$18,000 as the salary and outfit for the Minister to Chica, and insert \$6,000.

Lost—yeas 17, nays 17.

An amendment increasing the salary of the Minister Resident at Turkey to \$9,000, was agreed to by yeas 21, nays 14.

nays 14. The bill was eventually passed and sent to the House. Mr. Hamlin reported back the Light House bill with umendments, and moved that it be taken up, which mo-tion was rejected by yeas 20, nays 25.

tion was rejected by yeas 20, nays 25.

MESSAGE RELATIVE TO THE LONG SILANDS

A message was laid before the Senate, from the President, communicating further information relative to the Lobos Islands, which was ordered to be printed. The reporter had time only to copy the following:

J. NAYV DEMARTMENT, June 16th, 1852.

Sir —The Department of State, with accompanying papers, relative Department of State, with accompanying papers, relative properties of citizens of the United States, to take guano for mental bobs Islands, and instructs you to send one of the vessel bobs Islands and commerce.

Signed,

WM. A. GRAHAM.

The above despatch was addressed to Commodore F. S. McCauley, commanding the United States naval forces in the Pacific Ocean

Mr. Websier, under date of the properties of the sensel of the

Mr. Websier, under data ..., ..., with the collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Collection of the Lorentz of the Collection of the Lorentz of the Collection of the Lorentz of State is not now ware how it came to be added to the original, and cannot now state the exact reason for the adultion. It is certain, however, that it did not originate in any desire to give Mr. Jewett or any one classed in the collection of the Lorentz of the Collection of the Lorentz of the Collection o

was taken up, and all amendments made by the House to Senate amendments, except three, which were no

named or read, concurred in, and a Committee of Conference appointed.

SAFETY TO STEAMBOAT PASSENGERS.

Mr. DAYIS reported the bill regulating steamboats, with a recommendation that all House amendments be concurred in. He moved that it be taken up, and that all the amendments of the House numbered one burred and fifty. He held in his hands protests from owners of steamboats on the Chesapeake waters, against the passage of the bill, declaring that its passage would be ruinous to their business. He could not consent to vote upon these numerous amendments blindly. He was opposed to the bill, and would be glad to defeat it; but in order that the bill, if to be passed, should be made perfect, he would be glad if it were postponed till next session.

be passed.

Mr. Davis said that steamboat owners would not be satisfied with any bill—they would prefer no law on the subject.

Mr. Rusk in the name of humanity, thanked the Senator from Massachusetts for the industry, care and perseverence which he had devoted to this measure. He hoped it would be passed without delay.

Mr. Stockrow said he was not insensible to the claims of humanity—it was the liberty of the claims on the score of humanity—it was the liberty of the claims on the score of humanity—it was the liberty of the claims on the score of humanity—it was the liberty of the claims on the score of humanity—it was the liberty of the claims on the score of humanity—it was the liberty of the claims on the score of humanity—it was the liberty of the claim was more scared than life, and it should be guarded in the smallest particulars. Eternal vigilence was the piler of liberty. Was Congress to take the doubtful step of intertering to control and direct the business of private individuals to save the life of a man who was reckless enough to go aboard of a steamboat which he knew to be unsafe, for the purpose of saving a quarter of a dollar. These losses of life were the consequences of the imprudence of the persons themselves.

Mr. Downs thought that if Congress possessed any one power more unquestioned than another. It was that over all navigable water in the territories of the United States. It had the power to punish murder. This bill was to prevent and punish murder.

Mr. Srockron replied, and moved that the bill be laid on the table.

Lost by geas 8, nays 40.

The following are the

on the table.
Lost by yeas 8, mays 40.
The following are the
YEAS-Bayard, Butler, Clemens, Hale, Hunter, James,
Pratt, and Stockton.
Mr. Stockton insisted that the vote should be taken
separately on each amendment; and after taking the
vote on some four or five amendments, he withdraw his
demand. All the House amendments were then concurred in at

The bill from the House, authorizing an appeal, in patent cases, to the Assistant Judges of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, the Chief Justice being too infirm to try said cases, was taken up and passed.

Mr. Hunder moved to take up the

Mr. Bwill desired the bill granting land for the benefit of the indigent insane should be considered.

Mr. Huwrin's motion was agreed to, and the army bill was considered.

Mr. Hunter's motion was agreed to, and the army bill was considered.

Mr. Hunter's motion was agreed to, and the army bill was considered.

Numerous amendments were considered and agreed to; among which were an appropriation of thirty thousand dollars for the purchase of camels, to be used in the transportation service of the army. Also, sections allowing the payment of Maine, Virginia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Georgia, and Michigas, for advances made to troops, on account of the United States, during the war with Mexico. Fifty thousand dollars were added for the fabrication of heavy guns, to be sent to California.

Mr. Borland moved [an amendment appropriating one hundred thousand dollars for the parchase of Doctor Morton's patent ameriketic ether. Upon this a long debate ensued, as to the relative rights of Doctors Morton, Jackson, and Wells to the discovery.

Messra, Borland, Shields, Badger, Douglas, and Walker, urged the claims of Jackson, and Messra, Bradbury and Soule the claims of Jackson, and Messra, Smith, and Toncey those of the heirs of Mr. Wells.

Messra, Mungum, Pratt, and Seward, urged the postment of this intricate question till some other time. It was now half past seven.

Mr. Seuru addressed the Senate again on the subject, and intimated an intention of offering an amendment, and took his seat to prepare it.

Mr. Wellers and others cried "Question."

Mr. Berne and others cried "Question."

Mr. Seuru addressed the Senator had taken his seat, and he supposed he had finished. If the Senator had no doubt the Senate would hear him patiently; but if the Senator should communicate any information to the Senate, it would be for the first time.

Mr. Seuru said the Senator from California had made

the very courteous, gentlemanly, and senatorial remark that if he had any information to communicate to he Senate, it would be for the first time. This was all the notice he would take of the courteous gonti-manly, and senatorial remark of the gentleman from California. He then offered an amendment, which was sent to the desk. The Secretary reading it imperfectly he left his seat and went up to the Cierk's desk to re-write the amendment. In the meantime,

the meantime, Mr. Brooke (whig) of Miss., commenced a speech in

Mr. Brooke (whig) of Miss., commenced a speech in favor of the amendment.

After some time Mr. Smith claimed the stoor, and it was awarded him.

Mr. Weller add the the Senator made a remark a few minutes ago, which was liable to two constructions. He would like to ask the Senator a question.

Mr. Sentra said he preferred going on with his remarks. Mr. Weller asked if the Senator would not give way the aquestion.

to a question.

Mr. Sarrii declined doing so.

Mr. Waller in an under tone—I might expect nothing

Mr. Weller in an under tone—I might expect nothing clee from a contemptible puppy.

Mr. Smirn continued in favor of his amendment.

Mr. Brodings and others followed.

Mr. Smirn then withdrew his amendment.

Mr. Swand opposed any action on the subject.

Mr. Mallow supported it.

Mr. Hallow supported it.

The chamber informed him that neither Doctors Morton, Jackson, or wells, were catified to this discovery; (laughter) that it was discovered by a young physician of New York, now dead, and that his orphan sisters were entitled to the reward. The genticman pledged his word that this fact could be proved if time were given.

The question was taken, and the amendment was rejected, by yeas 17, mays 28.

Mr. Downs moved an appropriation for survey of the

jected by yeas 17 mays 28.

Mr. Bowns moved an appropriation for survey of the
Delta of Mississippi. Lost.

Mr. Bayane moved to insert two hundred thousand
dollars. For the construction of Fort Delaware, on Pea
Patch Island. This was debated and agreed to.
COMMITTE OF CONFIRENCE ON THE CIVIL AND DIFLOMATIC BILL.

A message was received from the Union appropriate

A message was received from the House announcing the rejection of the Senate amendments to the Civil and Diplomatic bill.

Mr. Huyara moved that the Senate insist on its amendments, which was agreed to, and Messrs. Hunter, Weller, and Underwood, were appeinted a Committee on Conference.

Was then reported to the Senate and all the amendments made in Committee of the Whole, were agreed to, except Mr. Bayard's, which was rejected by yeas 21, nays 25.

Mr. Mallory moved an amendment to pay Florida certain claims for the suppression of Indian hostilities. This was debated and agreet to.

Mr. Downs moved fifty thousand dollars for continuing the survey of the Delta of the Mississippi, which was de-

ated and adopted.

The bill was then read a third time and passed. LANDS FOR MISSOURI AND ARKAYSAS RAILROADS.

The House bill granting land to Missouri and Arkansas
or certain railroads therein, was taken up from the table

The House bill granting land to Missouri and Arkansas for certain relircads therein, was taken up from the table and read once.

Mr. Fish objected to a second reading, and moved to take up the Land Distribution bill, which was lost by yeas 22, mays 23.

TH FOST OFFICE APPROPRIATION BILL.

Was taken up at ten o'clock, and Mr. Rusk moved an amendment authorizing the Postmaster General to contract with the Ocean Steam Navigation Company for an additional trip to Bremen; also, to authorise a change of terminus from Havre to Antwerp. Adopted.

Mr. Baggra moved to amend the bill by adding thereto the provisions of the House bill, declaring the Wheeling bridges lawful structures.

This motion was debated an hour by Messrs. Badger, Mason, and Weller, in favor of it, and Messrs. Brodhead, Chase, Toucey, and Bradbury against it. It was then agreed to by yeas, 33; mays, 10.

The bill was then passed.

The bill making appropriations for the transportation of mails in ocean steamshipe, &c., was taken up, read. and passed.

and passed.

THE NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL

Was taken up, and then the Senate at ten minutes past
sleven, adjourned to meet on Monday at ten o'clock.

Washington, August 23, 1852. TTEMPT TO REPORT A BILL FOR A BRANCH MINT IN NEW consent of the House to permit his colleague, Mr. Brooks, to report, from the Committee ct Ways and Means, a bil

Mr. Hant, moved a suspension of the rules. The Speaker said this motion was excluded by the rule under which they were acting.

RELIEF FOR RAILROAD COMPANIES—EXTENSION OF TIME FOR THE PAYMENT OF DUTIES ON IRON. Mr. Pens, from the Committee on Post offices and Post Routes, reported a bill for the relief of the Memphis and Charleston, the Tennessee, Mississippi and Alabama the Alabama and Tennessee rivers, the Coosa, the New Orleans and Jackson, and the New Orleans and Opelousar and Great Western railroad companies.

Mr. Penn said the bill was similar in its provisions to the bill for the relief of the Wilmington and Manchester railroad company, recently passed-merely propos-

consider failfold company, recently passed—merely proposing to extend for four years the payment of duties on railroad iron—the companies to pay 6 per cent per annum on the duties.

The bill was rend twice, when a question rose as to how the Committee on Post Offices could make such a report. The Strakes said the objection now came too late, there being none when the bill was reported.

Mr. Vename moved to amend by adding the Raleigh and Gaston railroad company, and
Mr. Clinaman wished to include all the railroads in course of construction.

Mr. Hamilton, (dem.) of Md., moved that the bill be laid on the table. This was decided negatively, by yeas 76, nays 84. The morning hour here expired.

Lanke Manyled For a railroads by lower the purpose of taking up the Senate bill granting lands for the purpose of taking up the Senate bill granting lands to lows for a railroad from the Wabash to the Missouri river. Decided in the negative, by yeas 49, nays 112.

THE STREAD HAMDON SILL.

On motion of Mr. Seymour, (dem.) of N. Y. the rules were suspended by yeas 112, nays 47—when he moved that the House take up the River and Harbor bill, as returned from the Senate with amendments. His object being to refer it to a Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

Mr. Richardson, (dem.) of Ill., eposed the motion, easying there was no necessity for this procedure, and the sulgest could be acted upon without such reference.

The Straken decided that the bill must go to a committee under the rule which requires bills appropriating money to be there considered.

Mr. Reass, (whig) of Md., moved a suspension of this rule, which was agreed to by yeas 115, nays 65.

The bill was now before the House for its action.

Mr. Seymour, of N. Y., said he would not treepass on the patience of the House at this late period of the session, and moved the previous question.

Mr. Hale, (dem.) of Mo., moved that the bill be tabled, which was decided negatively, by yeas 65, nays 112.

The House since the negatively, by yeas 66, nays 112.

The House then acted upon the Senate's amendments to the bill, and concurred in all—(upwards of forty of the THE INDIAN AFFEOPIATION BILL.

The House agreed to the report of the Joint Committee of Conference on the disagreeing amendments of the two branches to the Indian Appropriation bill.

SECRITARY CONVEN AND THE GARDIFER CLAIM—BEFORT OF THE INVESTIGATION CONSULTER.

Mr. Houston, having obtained the floor, gave way to Mr. Johnson, (dem.) of Tenn., to make a report from the Select Committee appointed to investigate the flots touching the Gardiner claim and the connection of Secretary Corwin therewith. The committee, he said, had two meetings. Before they met, the Secretary addressed a communication to the Chairman, requesting the investigation to proceed instanter, and when they met he was informed he could attend. The mover of the resolution under which the committee was appointed. (Mr. Olds), was anxious that a large number of witnesses should be summoned, and Mr. Corwin likewise asked that witnesses be summoned in his behalf, some of whom live in distant States. The committee, therefore, have come to the conclusion, that it is impossible to commence and complete the investigation before the close of the session. He then submitted a report to this effect.

Mr. Johnson then caused two letters from Secretary Corwin, addressed to him, to be read; in substance urging, so far as he was connected, that the investigation process with the utmost possible despatch, and requesting that Mr. Johnson will ask leare of the House for a committee to sit during the recess.

Mr. Edden of the Cordinal of the collegue (Mr. Olds) that he was exceedingly anxious to proceed that he was solicitous the committee should sit during the recess.

Mr. Edden of the Cordinal of Tenn., did not undertake to the Indeed of the cordingly.

Mr. General (Mr. Olds) for Tenn., did not undertake to the process and committee as to which the cordinal of th

bill and moved that Mr. Johnson's report be laid upon the table.

Mr. Mrade, (dom.) of Va., expressed the hope that the House would have sense enough to vote against this. The Strakex said the question was on the resolution of Mr. Edgerton, that the committee have leave to sit du-ring the recess, and to send for persons and papers, and examine witnesses under cath.

The House, at the suggestion of Mr. Jones, (dom.) of Tenn., passed by this subject for the present.

Mr. Canella (whig) of Fla., insisted that the amendmeats be read.

Mr. Hous, on a motion should prevail, the effect would be to give he Committee of Conference a greater power than they should be entrusted.

Ference a greater power than they should be entrusted with
The rules of the House were suspended, when
Mr. Carrie rose to a point of order, again insisting that
he had a right to have the annendments read
The Sperkers decided that a member could call for the
reading of a paper, but at the same time the rule which
gives this privilege could be suspended.
Mr. Streens, (whig) of Pa. said he would rather lose
every amendment than trust them altoged her to a committee at conference.
The decision of the Sperker was appealed from.
Mr. Meade rose to and stated a question of order,
amid much confusion, and was called to order by the
Speaker and by several other gentiemen.
The Speaker repeated his decision.
Mr. Meade rose to and stated a question
Office—"Order, order," "Call the roll," &c.
The Speaker repeated his decision.
Chies—"Order, order," "Call the roll," &c.
The Speaker and who had, during these proceedings, en
deavoyed to suppress the prevailing disorder, said that he
had exhausted all his power to do so, he would therefore
resort to the power which is vested in the officers of the
House.
Chies—"That's right"—"We will stand by you."
Mr. Genter—I hope the House will sustain the Chair.
Mr. Baller, (dem.) of Va. arose and addressed Mr.
Mr. Maller, (dem.) of Va. arose and addressed Mr.

Mr. GENTRY-I hope the House will sustain the Chair. Mr. Bayley, (dem.) of Va., arose and addressed Mr. Speaker.
The Speaker remarked—No debate is in order. (Bang,

bang, went his gavel)

Mr Mrade—The proposition is different from what it was heretofore.

The SPEAKER—The gentleman is mistaken.
Mr. Mrabe—I trust so.
Mr. Stanley, (whig) of N. C.—I wish to ask a ques-

tion—
"Object," "object," came from a dozen lips.
Mr. Bavi.v. still on the floor—I have a right to—
He was here interrupted by Mr. Gentry, who called him to order.
Mr. Baviv.—I have a right to ask your decision before

I vote. Have I not a right—

A Voice—"The decision has been stated over and over

A Voice.—'The decision has been stated over and over again.'

A Voice.—'The decision has been stated over and over again.'

Mr. Barly.—I want to know how the Speaker decides.

Mr. Cartier, (dem.) of Ohio—I ask that the call of the roll be proceeded with.

The Speaker here again endeavored to suppress the disorder, requesting gentlemen to case talking and take their seats, else he would call on the Sergoant at arms to execute the authority of the body.

The question was taken on laying on the table the appeal from the decision of the Chair, and determined in the affirmative, by yeas 78, mays 65.

After further proceedings, the House voted to dispense with the rule which authorizes a member to call for the reasing of any paper, and this was decided in the negative, by yeas 65, mays 91.

(It was now hair-past six o'clock.)

Mr. Carli. withdrew his proposition, asking that the smendments be read. He said he was willing they should be referred to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, or to the Committee of Ways and Means.

The Speaker said—The reading cannot be dispensed with, as the House, by two-thirds did not suspend the rule.

Mr. Carlingell., (dem.) of Ill., moved that the House

with, as the House, by two-thirds, did not suspend shoule.

Mr. Campbell. (dem.) of III., moved that the House adjourn.

The motion was not carried.

The House then proceeded, under operation of the previous question, to act upon the amendments. The clerk had read only a few of the amendments, when, after some equabbling on a point of order, the motion of Mr. Houston to non-concur in all the Senate's amendments, en masse, and asking a committee of conference, was agreed to.

THE GARDINER AND CORWIN CASE.

The consideration of Mr. Johnson's report in the Gardiner case, and Mr. Corwin's connection with it, was resumed, and the proposition pending was that of Mr. Edgerton, granting leave to the Select Committee to sit during the recess, send for persons and papers, and casmine witnesses under oath.

Mr. Richardon moved to amend by giving the committee power to examine and report on any claims allowed or rejected, through the procurement of fraud or fairs testimony, before the Mexican Board.

Mr. Campielle, free soil, 10 Ohio, and Mr. Dungar.

Mr. Camenata. (fire soll) of Chie, and Mr. Duway overrigid
The amendment of Mr. Richardson was then rejected, and Mr. Engagency's resolution was adopted.

Mr. Congen. (whig) of Mich., made an ineffectual effort with the congen. (whig) of Mich., made an ineffectual effort in the congen.

to suspend the rules to introduce a resolution authorizing the clerk to purchase, for the use of members of the House, twenty thousand copies of Mr. Stansbury's account of his expectation to the Great Salt Lake.

of his expedition to the Great Salt Lake.

Mr. Fitch (dem.), of ia., under suspension of rules, offered resolution, which passed, increasing the salary of the Journal Clerk.

Fifty or more members jumped to their feet loudly salling out, nearly at once: "Mr. Speaker," in great anxiety to get the eye of the Speaker.

The presiding officer asked, and the confusion, whether it was possible that each gentleman could not have some little control over himself?

Bittle control over himselt?

Anon Mr. Hall was recognized, and he asked leave to report, from the Committee on Public Lands, the bill providing for the survey of public lands in California, and granting donation privileges.

Objection being made, Mr. Hall moved for a suspension of the rules, pending which, at half past seven o'clock, the House adjourned.

THE MASSACHUSETTS SCOTT WHIG CONVENTION-CLINATION OF PROMINENT WHIGS TO SERVE AS DELEGATES. Hon. Edward Everett, Hon. Rufus Choate, Benjamin Seaver, Jacob Sleeper, Henry Hall, J. F. Marsh, and Solo mon Piper, who were appointed delegates at large to the

on the 1st of September next, have declined serving-Tweive other delegates, chosen to represent di tricts, also declined the appointment. WEESTER MEETING IN WILMINGTON, N.C , ETC. Richmond, August 28, 1852.

The Wilmington Commercial publishes a call for a moet-

ing of the friends of the Hon. Daniel Webster, on Tuesday evening next, for the purpose of nominating him for

WHIG MASS MEETING AT SALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, August 28, 1852.

A large Whig mass meeting was held at Fell's Point last night; it was addressed by Mesers. Thompson, of Indiana, and J. Morrison Harris. Great excitement pre-

Interesting Southern Items. MURDER IN BALTIMORE-THE CROPS-EARTHQUAKE - VIRGINIA INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT CONVENTION, Captain John Frederick, proprietor of the Irving House, was stabbed at one o'clock this morning, with a large

knife, by a drunken printer named Joseph C. Lee, wel known in Philadelphia and Cincinnatt. The knife passed through Frederick's lungs, and it is believed must prove

known in Philadelphia and Cincinnati. The knife passed through Frederick's lungs, and it is believed must prove fatel.

The recent heavy rains near Charlottesville, Virginia, have almost entirely destroyed the tobacco crop, and caused great damage to other growing crops in that region.

The rice harvest has commenced along the Savannah niver, with prospects of a good crop.

An earthquake oscurred at Augusta on Wednesday, which lasted for six seconds. The people were much frightened, but no serious damage was done.

The Virginia Internal Improvement Convention assembled at Union, agreeably to notice, and passed resolutions recommending the vigorous prosecution and early completion of the works in that State.

The Masom (ia.) Journal states that Ellen Craft, the fugitive slave, is now in London, having entered the service of an American gentleman, on the condition that he would restore her to her owner. Dr. Collins, in Mason.

Timothy Burke and Dennis Kennebray were killed at Riehmond on Wednesday by an explosion, while biasting rocks.

Louisville, August 28, 1862.
We have intelligence of the sinking of the steam:
Highland Mary, in the Missouri river. No lives were los
by the disaster. Her cargo was mostly saved. From Philadelphia.

From Philadelphia.

From Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, August 28, 1852.

About one o'clock this morning, a large lumber rate in tow of a measure, ran foul of a small vessel lying at anchor above Kaighn's Point, near the Jersey shore, and struck her amidehips. She filled instantly and sunk, the raft pairing over the spot she occupied. No particulars are known as to her name, or whether any one was on board. No cries were beard. No cries were beard.

No cries were beard.

The steam-ship State of Georgia, from Savannah, arrived here early this morning, with 101 passengers. She brings the body of George Coffee, the engineer who was killed by the machinery.

THE BOSTON LIQUOR CASE —In the case of Moses Williams, a licensed liquor dealer in Boston, who was on trial on a complaint charging him with selling spirituous iliquors, centrary to the laws of the Commonwealth, the judge said that as it was desirable to confer with his ascentage on the bench, and to get, if possible, their approval of the judgment which he should render, he would adjourn the further hearing of the case until 3 o'dook on Saturday afternoon

Additional and Interesting from Havana.

[From the New Orleans Pleayune, August 22]

By the arrival at this port, last evening, of the steamship Empire City, Captain Windle, from New York, we Havana we have received dates from the latter city to the 18th inst.

The arrests on charges of conspiracy continue to be made, and some were reported to have been shot on Saturday last. All vessels going out of port were diligently searched

We have seen a private letter, written by a gantieman in Havana entitled to all credit, from which we make the following extract:—

"I hope it will not be long before I see you in the sismore fiel ciudaid de la Habana, which name, by the by, I think it no longer deserves, for if you could only hear the Greeles, who never taiked so big as they do now, you would magine that they were really in extructed on their threats to rise in revolution all over the island some time in November next. About seventy persons in all, including six or eight women, have been arrested within the last month. The government in its search for the bas from which is issued the Voz del Pueblo. found some powder and ball cartridges in a house near the sensition, on the Calasda San Lazaro, which led to more being discovered under the bed of a lady in Regias. These discoveries have somewhat alarmed the government, as you will observe by the ill timed and menacing editoriall published; by authority in the Dimio de la Marina of the 13th, to which I would refer you. Notwithstanding all their endeavors, they have not yet been able to discover the parties concerned in the publication of the Voz del Pueblo. The Creoles, as I said before, are talking very big, but I fear that little reliance can be placed on them. I was told yesterday, however, by a person for whom I have the greatest respect, that some of the most influential Spanjaras have lately begun to think that as it is almost impossible for Spain to retain the island much longer, it would be to their interest, in case of a change, to be on the Creole side of the question. Several secret meetings had already been held by them, which having reached the ears of the government, may be the cause of the menacing editorial I spoke of. Let that be as it may, the government seem to have get hold of some information which it considers of sufficient importance to justify it in issuing the most stringent orders and they now sarch not only the houses, bet even the persons of individuals suspected."

Th

tion."

The Diarie enderses all the Gaeste cape of course, and cape a lew Strictures of its own. The singularity of this language, and the menacing tone of the concluding paragraph, would seem to favor the idea advanced by the writer, from whose letter we have quoted that some influential Spaniards were engaged in the conspiracy. The government would hardly waste so much breath is warning the Creoles, with whom they are accustomed to deal in a summary manner.

Brooklyn City Intelligence.

INJUNCTION RESTRAINING THE ENFORCEMENT OF
THE SUNDAY LIQUOR LAW.

SUPREME COURT—SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT—MILES
WOOD AGAINST THE CITY OF BROOKLYN AND OTHERS.—
An application having been made to Sciah B Strong,
one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the Second
Judicial District, on Thursday last, an order was
made, the purport of which is as follows:—The compliant
is filed by Miles Wood against the Mayor of Brooklyn,
and Chief of Police, in behalf of himself and all other
persons who are licensed tayern keepers in said city; and and Chief of Police, in behalf of himself and all other persons who are licensed tavern keepers in said city; and it is to set aside the ordinance of the City of Brooklyn, on the ground that it is contary to the Constitution of the State of New York, and prevents him from exercising his lawful celling as a lavern keeper, and deprives him of the means of supporting himself and family, and asks for a perpetual injunction staying the enforcement of said ordinance. Upon this bill being presented to the above Justice, an order was made, requiring defondants in the action to show cause in the Supreme Court, at the City Hall, Brooklyn, on the 9th of September next; and, in the meantime, an injunction is granted, ordering and directing the Common Council, their attorney or attorneys, and each and every of their servants, agents, officers, and police officers, to absolutely desist and refrain from taking any steps or measures, or doing any act, matter, or thing in presecuting, or imprisoning the plaintift, or any other person or persons in whose behalf this action is commenced, under the law or ordinance commonly called the Sunday law; or prosecuting or enforcing the same, or causing the same to be done under their authority or direction. The order was served upon the Mayor and Chief of Police last evening.

Arrant of an Alleger Bernolan,—About 3 o'clock vestedless afterneous officer Bernolan,—About 3 o'clock vestedless afterneous direction. Whig State Convention which is to be held at Worcester

served upon the Mayor and Chief of Police last evening.

Arrest of an Alleger Burglar.—About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, officer Barr, of the First police district, arrested a man, calling himself William Hopkins, on suspicion of burglary. The accused was seen running towards the Heights, having under his arm a slik frock parasol, and other articles of women's apparel, which excited the suspicion of the officer, who followed and arrested him. When brought before the Chief of Police be confessed that he had taken the goods found in his possession from a house on the corner of Henry and Pierrepont streets. He was locked up for a hearing. An accomplice of the accused made his escape. FROM HALIFAX —By the steamer Sir John Harvey, says the Boston Advertiser, we have received Nova Scotia papers to the 24th inst. On Thursday of last week, the steamer Mississippi was open to visiters from the eity, who were received with the utmost courtesy and urbanity by the officers. The Morning Chronicle has the following information of the movement of steamers: —U. S. steamer Mississippi, 10. Capatin M Cluney, bearing the broad pennant of Com. Perry, got up her steam on Thursday, and went out of the harbor, proceeding to the eastward. This fine ship will visit Charlotteows, P. E. I., and probably St. Johns N. F., prior to returning to New York, parhaps calling at this port on her way home. We are glad to learn that Com. Perry and his officers are delighted with the reception they met with in Halifax. H. M. S. Basilisk, 6, Com. Henry F. Egerton, also got up her steam same afternoon, and ran out of the harbor in spiendid style. This beautiful steam sloop has been much and deservedly admired since her arrival in the waters of old Chebucto. Basilisk is bound on a cruise in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, for the protection of the fisheries in that quarter. H. M. S. Devastation, Com. Campbell, arrived at Pietou, on the 13th inst., would coal, &c., and leave for Charlottetown on the 18th. Her officers were entertained at a dejenser on the evening of the 17th, by Major Norton, American Consul at that port. The Nettley cutter was freecontly at St. Johns, on which occasion Com. Kynestin paid his respects to Com. Perry, on hoard the Mississippi.

An Incident in Connection with the Lake Erie Catastrophe.—The Detroit Daily Adverture says that Miss Ida Williams, a young English lady, about twenty years old, related the following touching dotails with great modesty and propriety.—She had just arrived in this country from England and was travelling westward with a view to select a location for a future residence, in company with a twin brother, a married sister, a brother-in-law, and two nieces, all of whom were lost. She states that the last recollection she has of anything which took place on the Atlantic, she was standing in company with her friends on the deck, when a beam or piece of wood fell and killed her brother, and hitting her also in its fall, injured her back, when she fainted. She had no consciouances of anything which took place afterwards until she found herself on board the propeller, on her way to Erie, without clothing except her night dress, without money, and without a friend on this side of the broad Atlante—her friends were all lost! Withdress, without money, and without a friend on this side of the broad Atlante—her friends were all lost! Without knowing where to turn for succer, she took passes on board a boat, and reached Detroit, where her immediate wants were supplied, and where she has been kindly offered a home in the family of a highly respectable and sympathizing, such a case as the foregoin never appeals in vain.

A GOOD HAUL.—In Rockport, Essex county, Mass., on Tuesday morning, a fisherman, named David Babsen, took two hundred barrels of mackerel, worth often hundred dollars, in one seine, and at one haul. These were all No. I mackerel, and of an unusually excellent order. This, we believe, is the largest haul ever made in this vicinity. The water, as far as could be discorned, was alive with the finny tribe. Others, at the same time, made enormous hauls, and would have secured many more, had not their nets given way, by which, it is estimated, about five hundred barrels essaped. As it was, five hundred barrels were taken in all.—Beston Chronick, Alig. 28.